

Umjuma, 29, smiles after washing utensils outside her makeshift shelter at the UNHCR transit centre in Renk, in South Sudan's Upper Nile State. Like hundreds of thousands of South Sudanese, she had sought asylum as a refugee in Sudan but returned to her own country to escape the conflict that erupted in Sudan in April 2023. © UNHCR/Samuel Otieno

Regional overview

Overall, the region's forcibly displaced and stateless population rose by 32%. Many asylum claims received inconsistent treatment, resulting in a regional asylum backlog of 323,000.

A **severe lack of funding** meant that 4.4 million refugees depending on food aid received only 30-60% of the full ration. Meanwhile, the number of people displaced in their own country included 14.9 million displaced by conflict and 4.5 million displaced by climate-related disasters, the latter mainly in Kenya, Somalia, Ethiopia, and South Sudan. UNHCR provided core relief items, shelter materials and protection support to those affected.

The biggest displacement emergency of 2023 erupted in the East and Horn of Africa and the Great Lakes region when conflict broke out in **Sudan** in April. 5.5 million people were internally displaced and 1.3 million fled to neighbouring countries such as Chad, Ethiopia, Egypt, and South Sudan. UNHCR helped to receive and register refugees and provided live-saving support. In Sudan, UNHCR established additional field sites and provided core relief items to 130,000 people, cash assistance to 100,000, and shelter assistance and protection support. UNHCR activated communication channels using its Help website, the Telegram app and phone hotlines, and carried out remote protection monitoring through community networks.

Almost 300,000 people fled violence in the **Somali** region of Laascaanood, including 100,000 who crossed into Ethiopia, where UNHCR and local authorities provided integrated services within host communities, and built emergency shelters, water supplies and latrines.

Forcibly displaced and stateless population | 2023

19% of the global forcibly displaced and stateless population

East and Horn of Africa and the Great Lakes Other regions

23.2M 99.4M 122.6M

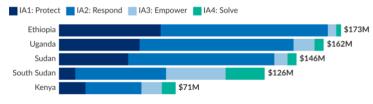
Source: UNHCR

Regional expenditure and budget

\$875 million spent against a budget of \$2.161 billion \$1.285 billion of unmet needs or 59% of the budget

Operations with the highest expenditure in the East and Horn of Africa and the Great Lakes | 2023

These five operations accounted for 77% of the total regional expenditure of \$875 million.



IA stands for "Impact Area". Source: UNHCR UNHCR distributed dignity kits and cash assistance to people displaced within Somalia and provided medical support and counselling to survivors of gender-based violence.

Violence in the Democratic Republic of the Congo sent thousands fleeing into the **United Republic of Tanzania** and **Uganda**. New arrivals received protection, health care, shelter and water, and scannable ration cards.

In a major step towards refugee inclusion, **Kenya** launched the "<u>Shirika Plan</u>", aiming to transform refugee camps into integrated settlements, with refugees and their hosts living sideby-side.

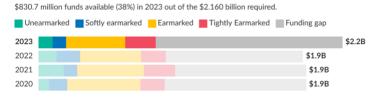
Across the region, 51% of <u>refugee children</u> were out of school, compared to 40% of non-refugees. UNHCR focused on refugees' inclusion in national education systems, achieving significant results. Enabling legal and policy environments and costed plans were developed by Member States of the Intergovernmental Authority on Development (IGAD). At least 10% of refugee children were included in national education systems, but insufficient financing limited progress.

Despite UNHCR's efforts to increase people's self-reliance by combining **cash** and livelihood interventions, underfunding meant only 900,000 individuals received cash grants, compared to 1.2 million in 2022. There is strong commitment for refugees' **economic inclusion**, but a 2023 UNHCR regional livelihoods survey indicated that 66% of refugees live in countries with limited or no access to formal employment. UNHCR expanded its development partnerships with the World Bank, the African Development Bank, and the European Commission's Department for International Partnerships, yielding significant financial support for projects in the region.

Only a fraction of the displacement in the region was resolved. UNHCR assisted 26,000 **Burundian** refugees to return, a 21% increase from 2022. Returnees received cash packages to support their initial basic needs upon arrival in Burundi. 527,000 refugees returned to **South Sudan**, most fleeing conflict in Sudan.

UNHCR submitted 35,750 cases for **resettlement** and 28,000 refugees departed, double the 2022 number.

Regional funding and earmarking for the East and Horn of Africa and the Great Lakes | 2020-2023



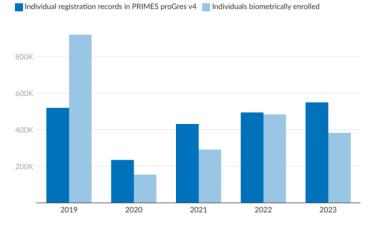
Source: UNHCR

Top 5 donors of voluntary contributions to the East and Horn of Africa and the Great Lakes



Voluntary contributions from all other donors, carry-over and other adjustments = \$188M Source: UNHCR

New individual registration records in the East and Horn of Africa and the Great Lakes | 2019-2023

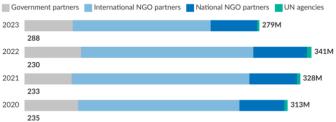


Individual registration records in PRIMES proGres v4 includes all forcibly displaced and stateless people registered each year, regardless of their current process status: "active", "hold", "inactive", or "closed". The expansion of BIMS in some regions led to an increase in individuals enrolled. The difference in 2019 between individuals biometrically enrolled and individuals registered in PRIMES proGres v4 is due to imported data - stock data and flow data respectively.

Population overview Displacement trend in the East and Horn of Africa and the Great Lakes | 2020-2023 Refugees Asylum-seekers IDPs Stateless persons Refugee and IDP returnees Others of concern 18.5M 17.9M Source: UNHCR Top 5 operations by population in the East and Horn Africa and the Great Lakes | 2023 These 5 operations represent 94% of the region's forcibly displaced and stateless population. Refugees Asylum-seekers IDP Others of concern Stateless persons IDP and Refugee returnees Sudan Ethiopia 4.3M Somalia 3.9M 1.7M Uganda Source: UNHCR Global Trends

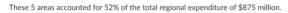
Financial overview

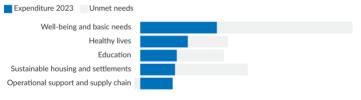




(Figures appearing below each bar are the total number of partners or for each category when scrolling on.)

Top 5 areas of expenditure in the East and Horn of Africa and the Great Lakes | 2023

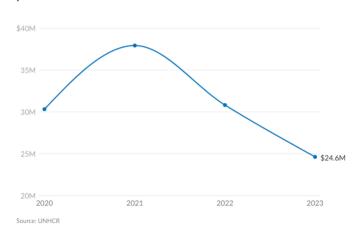




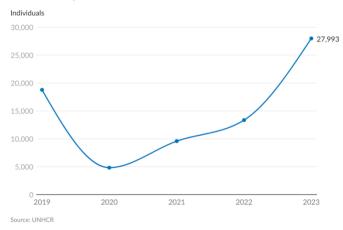
Source: UNHCR

Trends in response

Cash assistance in the East and Horn of Africa and the Great Lakes \mid 2020-2023



Resettlement departures from the East and Horn of Africa and the Great Lakes | 2019-2023



Multisectoral monitoring results

Protection



4.6 million people received protection services*

2022 result: 7.1 million

*Protection services encompasses a vast range of community-based, individual and household interventions in various domains of UNHCR protection work, including counselling and information on rights, sensitization on protection issues, community outreach and mobilization, specialized services for children or other persons with specific needs, GBV programming, legal

Basic needs



1.2 million people received cash assistance

2022 result: 1.2 million



2 million people received non-food items including core relief items*
Indicator not available in 2022

*This indicator reflects the total number of people who benefited from the direct distribution of in-kind non-food items, including domestic Core Relief Items (CRIs) and excluding shelter CRIs.

Shelter



499,000 people received shelter and housing assistance* Indicator not available in 2022

*Shelter and housing assistance includes emergency, transitional and durable shelter provision, collective shelter, shelter repair and maintenance, and rental programming.

Health



6.8 million people received essential health care services

2022 result: 4.8 million



931,000 women and girls received sexual and reproductive health services* 2022 result: 477,700

*Sexual and reproductive health services include antenatal care, assisted delivery, postnatal care, family planning services and health services for survivors of gender-based violence.



337,000 people received mental health and psychosocial support services **2022** result: **117,900**

Nutrition



107,200 children 6-59 months were admitted for treatment of moderate acute malnutrition (MAM)

2022 result: 88,900

56,400 children 6-59 months were admitted for treatment of severe acute malnutrition (SAM)

2022 result: 46,900



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Fundación "la Caixa's" commitment to the nutrition of refugee mothers and children

Partnering with UNHCR and España con ACNUR [in Spanish] for over 20 years, the Foundation's MOM project in Ethiopia continues to combat child malnutrition with tailored care for children, pregnant women, and lactating mothers. Its support has resulted in a remarkable 95.4% rate of exclusive breastfeeding of children under 6 months in Gambella's refugee camps, surpassing UNHCR's target of 75%. The impact of the Foundation's support was all the more remarkable considering the droughts and conflict that affected forcibly displaced people in the country in 2023.

The Foundation also held a roundtable discussion on climate change's impact on food security at la Caixa Forum in Madrid and was part of the high-level event "Achieving health and well-being for all" at the Global Refugee Forum, demonstrating its commitment to addressing refugee nutrition comprehensively.

Situations

Ethiopia situation

Sudan situation

South Sudan situation

Operations*

Burundi | Ethiopia | Kenya | Rwanda | South Sudan | Sudan | Uganda

*The operations listed above are the ones with annual results reports available on Global Focus for 2023.

Additional resources

- Country Strategy Evaluation for UNHCR South Sudan 2018-2022
- Performance evaluation of the Phase 3 IKEA Foundation Livelihoods, energy and environment projects among Somali refugees and host communities in Ethiopia
- Impact evaluation on the effects of the R-WASH Program on social cohesion: baseline report