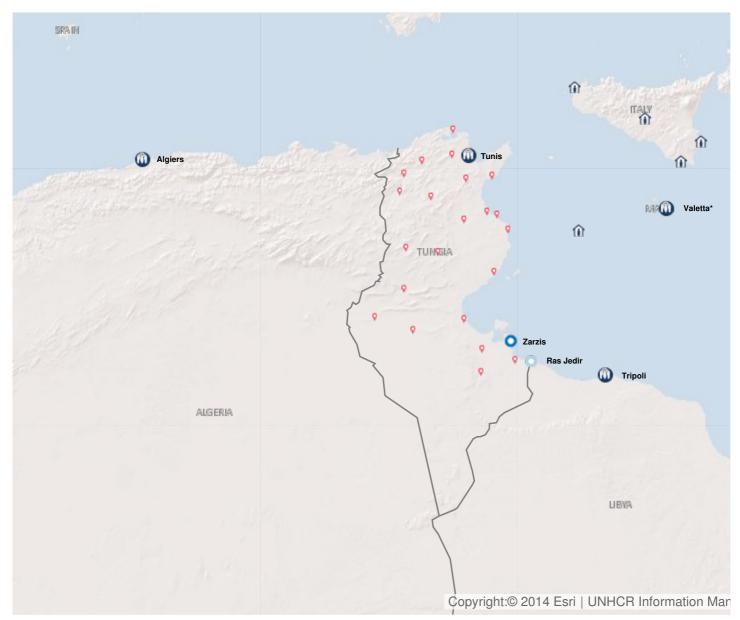


## 2016 Planning summary

Downloaded on 29/11/2016

## Operation: Tunisia

### Location



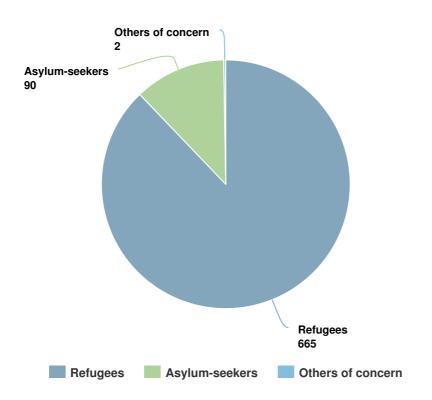
Latest update of camps and office locations 21 Nov 2016. By clicking on the icons on the map, additional information is displayed.

### People of Concern

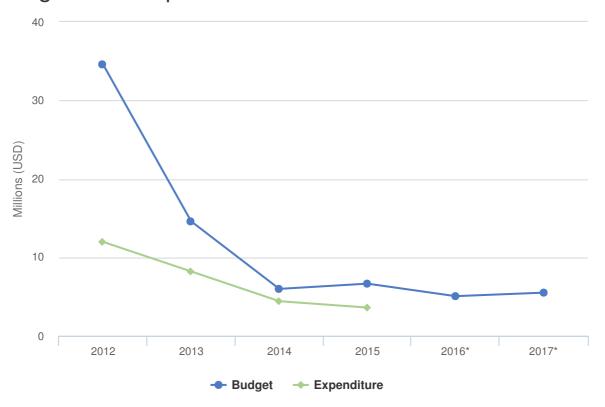
### **DECREASE IN**

33% 2015

2015	757
2014	1,135
2013	1,097



# Budgets and Expenditure for Tunisia



#### Operational context and population trends

Pending the adoption and implementation of an asylum law in Tunisia, UNHCR will continue to be the sole entity conducting refugee status determination (RSD) in Tunisia in 2016. UNHCR will therefore remain focused on ensuring that people of concern are registered, issued with UNHCR certificates, and protected against refoulement.

Since 2011, UNHCR has supported the drafting of a national asylum law and will remain committed to assisting Tunisian authorities in the finalization of the text. However, measures taken after the attack in November 2015, notably the closure of the border with Libya, have had an adverse effect on the protection space in Tunisia. UNHCR will continue to actively advocate with authorities and other relevant actors to develop a comprehensive national legal framework on asylum as well as secure the protection space in Tunisia.

In 2016, the number of people of concern to UNHCR is expected to reach almost 2,000, including close to 1,800 refugees mostly from Syria. Boat arrivals will likely constitute a source of new arrivals. In this context of mixed migration, UNHCR will continue to host survivors rescued at sea. To address their needs, psychosocial counselling sessions as well as field visits and counselling by UNHCR staff will be conducted regularly. In addition, the Office will share information on the risks associated with taking the journey by sea, and on other available opportunities and safer choices.

UNHCR will continue to build the capacities of local authorities by training Tunisian immigration officers on protection-sensitive border management, organizing study visits and experts' assessments, as well as donating technologically-advanced materials and equipment. UNHCR cooperation with Tunisian authorities regarding border management was initiated in 2013, with a view to support the authorities' plans to reform its border management processes and ensure that international protection considerations are reflected in this regard.

Efforts are being pursued to identify appropriate durable solutions for refugees in Tunisia, including resettlement where possible. In the absence of a formal legal status for people of concern to UNHCR in Tunisia, local resettlement opportunities remain limited as most refugees lack residence permits and have irregular access to employment.

#### **Key priorities in 2016**

UNHCR's key strategic priority in 2016 is to support the authorities in developing a comprehensive national protection system that provides refugee and asylum-seekers in Tunisia with a clear legal status. In light of this objective, UNHCR's activities in 2016 will focus on:

- Reinforcing and preserving the existing protection space through RSD activities and advocacy;
- Supporting the development of a national legislation on asylum;
- Developing the capacity of Tunisian authorities to assume protection and RSD responsibilities once the legislation comes into force; and
- Enabling refugees to secure a regular income and reduce their dependency on UNHCR's financial assistance by offering increased self-reliance and livelihood opportunities.

UNHCR works closely with Tunisian authorities, most notably the Tunisian Ministries of Interior, Foreign Affairs, Social Affairs, Women's Affairs, Justice and Land Affairs and Employment. UNHCR in Tunisia is working with four partners: the Tunisian Red Crescent (TRC), Islamic Relief Worldwide (IRT), Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA) and the Arab Institute for Human Rights (IADH). UNHCR is also cooperating with the International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD), the International Organization for Migration (IOM), *Tunisie Terre d'Asile* and the Scouts.