BACKGROUND

In November 2017, UNHCR established for the first time an Emergency Evacuation Transit Mechanism (ETM) for the evacuation of vulnerable refugees from detention in Libya to Niger. The programme was established in order to facilitate the processing of refugees trapped in detention, in order to enable access to protection and to durable solutions.

UNHCR and the Government of Niger signed a Memorandum of Understanding in December 2017, temporarily expanding the Niger asylum space to these refugees.

CONTEXT

Evacuations
In detention centers in Libya, where UNHCR has access, vulnerable refugees in need of international protection are identified by UNHCR Libya staff. They are screened and their information is shared with UNHCR Niger. Lists for evacuation are established based on vulnerability.

The first evacuation flight took place on the 11th of November 2017. Since then, 23 more evacuation flights have arrived from Libya to Niger, carrying a total of 2,913 refugees and asylum seekers.

Process in Niger
Once the refugees and asylum seekers arrive in Niger, UNHCR registers them and provides them with accommodation and protection. UNHCR and partners provide accommodation, where food, medical care, education, psychosocial support etc. are readily available. On the 4th of March 2019, a first group of 120 evacuees were transferred to the ETM transit facility in the commune of Hamdallaye, in the Tillaberi region (40km from Niamey). Other transfers followed from the guesthouses in Niamey to the new facility, bringing the total population to around 1,100. The most vulnerable refugees remain in guesthouses in the capital city. Construction and development of the transit facility is ongoing.

Refugees are all initially biometrically registered. This is followed by refugee status determination (RSD) procedures by the government and UNHCR. Finally, interviews to prepare resettlement files are completed by UNHCR. These files are then submitted to third countries for consideration. For unaccompanied children, a Best Interests Determination (BID) is completed, to seek the most appropriate solution.

Resettlement Missions
Following screening of the files in resettlement countries, the responsible parties of the governments of third countries undertake a mission to Niger to directly interview those under consideration for resettlement. The results of the interviews are communicated to UNHCR Niger in the weeks following the resettlement mission.

Some resettlement countries may decide based solely on the file shared with them by UNHCR, and do not necessarily undertake a resettlement mission to Niger.

Resettlement & other durable solutions
If accepted, the transport of the refugees to the resettlement country is organized by the logistical partner IOM. Amongst other durable solutions which are being examined, are humanitarian and/or study visas, as well as family reunification.

The resettlement of refugees evacuated from Libya to Niger is part of UNHCR’s overall resettlement programme. Refugees who were already present in Niger and deemed to require resettlement as a solution, are also included in the programme.

Globally, resettlement is one of 3 solutions pursued by UNHCR, the others include voluntary return or local integration.

Resettlement Pledges & Departures
UNHCR has received a total of 6,351 resettlement pledges for the Libya-Niger situation from the following countries, including 4,411 places specifically for evacuees from Libya and refugees registered in Niger. Countries who have provided pledges include: Belgium, Canada, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

On 31 July 2019, 1,649 evacuated refugees have departed from Niger to resettlement countries.

For additional information, please see the Libya-Niger situation factsheet available at https://data2.unhcr.org/en/situations/asmwa.

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